Our Position

IACS shares the concern about underwater noise from commercial shipping expressed in MEPC 75/14. IACS has the view that IMO is the appropriate and technically competent body to address the mitigation of underwater noise from commercial shipping globally but is working to harmonize measurement procedures.

BACKGROUND

It is globally admitted that maritime activities are tightly linked to the sustainability of sensitive areas including natural habitats and endangered marine species. The underwater noise induced by marine traffic and its impact on the aquatic fauna has increased in proportion to the increase of traffic. The shipping industry is generally aware of this situation and many stakeholders have already taken actions.

The International Maritime Organization (IMO)’s consideration on the underwater noise has set up global mitigation dynamics. Since 2014, the IMO’s guidelines for the reduction of underwater noise from commercial shipping to address adverse impacts on marine life (MEPC.1/Circ.833) have proposed the basis to address this topic to the maritime industry. At the 75th session of the IMO’s Marine Environment Protection Committee (MEPC), MEPC75/14 submitted by Australia, Canada and United States clearly raised the same concern about underwater noise from commercial shipping. The proposal was supported by member states of the EU (Ref. to MEPC 75/14/2), in which they also proposed to address underwater radiated noise (URN) on the agenda of the Committee’s 76th session.

Scientific evidence of the impact of underwater noise on marine ecosystems is continuously growing, highlighting the need for further collaboration on addressing this issue by the international community. It clearly goes along with all sustainability efforts conducted by IMO, by its member states, also at national level, and by the various associations at international level such as IACS.

The whole maritime industry is thus following the dynamics of optimizing the design of future ships and the operations of existing fleet aiming at reducing its footprints under these different drivers, including underwater noise.

IACS POSITIONS

IACS highlights that establishing a common means for assessing underwater noise induced by shipping is a key step. A common quantification of the ship underwater acoustics and understanding of the various contributing factors can provide an effective means to drive industry efforts to reduce URN.

IACS supports that these efforts on underwater noise reduction should be put in close parallel with the continuous environmental improvements associated with EEDI and anticipated improvements associated with EEXI, CII and other GHGs emission reduction efforts and potential co-benefits.

IACS, which has already around 20 year return of experience on noise and vibration reduction on-board vessels, through the standardization of comfort consideration, will use its knowledge and expertise to support new measures that are technically feasible and capable of being applied globally and consistently.

IACS therefore confirms its willingness to contribute to development of harmonized assessment procedures for URN in order to support the maritime industry in response to the future need for quieter vessels.
SUMMARY OF WORK CARRIED OUT BY IACS ON THIS ISSUE TO DATE

• IACS participated in the “QUIETING SHIPS TO PROTECT THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT” Technical Workshop hosted by Transport Canada in January 2019 at the IMO Headquarters in London, UK.

• IACS has established a PT to address the underwater noise issue in June 2020 with a view of harmonizing the measurements procedures proposed to date under the different class notations.

• IACS is aiming toward developing a proposal for a harmonized measurement and post-processing procedures with explicit corresponding metrics in order to ensure reproducible measurement results.

• IACS has actively participated in the ENHANCING CETACEAN HABITAT AND OBSERVATION (ECHO) Program Workshop convened by the Vancouver Fraser Port Authority in October 2020.

• IACS has actively participated in the underwater related meetings organized and chaired by ICS together with the representatives of ISO working groups assigned to underwater noise issues.